Liquidated for their Opinions

John Calvin had conquered Geneva, and only one truth was valid—Calvin's truth. The bloody events of 1536 have a deadly contemporary ring about them. They do not sound like events of the 16th Century.

One would not hesitate to give them a date like 1951 in Moscow, or 1941 in Berlin, or 1935 in Madrid, or yesterday in Buenos Aires...

Calvin had military backing, his own police, a secret information organization, a spy system, a thought-control bureau—and a busy executioner. Like every fanatic in power, he was completely ruthless. And like every madman, he found those with the courage to oppose him despite his iron-curtain authority.

It is a bitter story—and yet a story with hope in it. Most of all, it is a story for our own day if there ever was one... For there were hearts with courage to oppose the right of the dictator to liquidate men for their opinions.

Among them was a pale scholar, unarmed and alone. The author's Introduction gives the outline of the drama of terror and murder and sudden death; judge whether he speaks for our times...

(The Right to Heresy: Castellio Against Calvin, Stefan Zweig, Boston: The Beacon Press, 1951, From Dust Jacket, Paragraph Structure Modified)